

Allophisus, being brought by the greatest perfection of the an other to the smallest liberty in himselfe, having the foundation of this choice so stronge as it cannot decaye, and sinding the place of his impossionment so stronge as he cannot escape: wilbe at the Tilts ende by

on the two and twentie day of Ianuarie next ensewing, at one of the Clocke in the afternoone, there to defend and mainetague against all

men wholoeuer, foz sire courses a peece, the wholesire, oz any of the sire Articles which solow, whereunto he challengeth all, that either Honnoz any Lady, whom they may bragge of for any woorth: or serve a Wistresse, which hath reason to boast of her selfe sor any beautie, by these sirst three Articles.

The fyrst, that his Mistresse is for Beautie of her face, and the Grace of her person, the moste perfect creature, that euer either the eye of man hath beheld, the Arte of Nature hath framed, or the compasse of the earth hath enjoyed.

2 The second, that it is as impossible for any other who so ever, to abide the beames of his Mistresse looke, as for the Clowdes to endure the shining and appearing of the Sunne, and that the one dooth not so oner vanish at the shewing of the Sunne, then the other will so denly sade at the presence of his Mistresse,

The thirde, that the perfections of his Mistresse, are in number so infynite, in quality so excellent, and in operation so effectuall, as she by the helpe of them, and they by the direction of her, doo make more men without liberty, and more bodyes without harts, then any, or all the women in the world besides.

Ind because Callophisus douteth that the taking uppon him a quarell which is so iust on his syde, will make that he shall have none to defend the contrary against him, and that the woozthynesse of his mistresse will steale away the Secuaunts of other Ladyes, he will with one onely assistant, challenge all that either have opinion in the constancy of they loove, or assurance in the greatness of their affection, by these other three Articles.

4 The fyrst, that Callophisus for his faith will yeelde to none, and for his loyalty dooth thinke himselfe aboute all, and in these two respects pronounceth himselfe most e woorthy to be accepted into fauor with his Mistresse, or to receive grace at the hands of the fayrest.

5 The second, that the good will and affection of Callophisus to his Mistresse, is for impression so deepe, for continuaunce so lasting, and for passion so extreame, as it is impossible for any other to carry so perfect looue, or to conceaue the like affection.

The thyrde, that those aduentures and hazards, which cannot but be most flower, to any other for the pleasing of any Lady (whom they Honour) are most flower with whom he serueth.

And if they neither will contend with him for the superioritie of his Miltrelle in woorthy nelle, nor for the precogative of himselfe in affection, having not they rindgement vayled with so percial an humor as may leade them to relift of manifest and open trueth, and doubting a bad successe in a wrong opinion, because Veritas vincet omnia, then will he, this sayd assistant, with all such, tunne size courses, to some with them in honouring of his Mistrelle, which hath no equal, and expressing of his affection which cannot be matched.

Whereas this challenge of Justes, was signifyed by way of devise before her Maiestie, on Twelfe night last past, to have been performed the sisteenth daye of Lanuaric, her Maiesties pleasure is for divers considerations, that it be deferred butill the two and twenty of the same moneth, and then to be held at Westminster, the accustomed place.

Proclaimed by the found of Trumpet, and a Herauld.